

Englisch

Zusammenfassung

Berufsmaturitätsschule Luzern

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Present simple

I/ You	live	near here
We/ They	don't live	
He/ She	lives	
It	doesn't live	

Anwendung

Bei Gewohnheiten: Dutch people **travel** a lot.
 Bei immer wahren Aussagen: Vegetarians **don't eat** meat.
 I **come** from Spain.
 Bei Aussagen, die lange Zeit zutreffen: She **works** in a bank.

Present continuous

am	+verb + -ing
is	
are	

Anwendung

Sachen, die im Moment gerade passieren: He's **playing** football in the garden.
 She can't answer the phone because she's **washing** her hair.

Past simple

positive

I/ You	finished	yesterday
We/ They		
He/ She	didn't	arrive finish yesterday go
It		

negative

Anwendung

Für abgeschlossene Handlungen in der Vergangenheit: We **played** tennis last Sunday.
 John **left** two minutes ago.

Past continuous

I/ She/ It	He/ was wasn't (was not)	working
He/ She It	were weren't	

Anwendung

Für Handlungen in der Vergangenheit, die zu dem Zeitpunkt noch nicht abgeschlossen sind:
 last night 9pm 9pm 10pm now
 watching TV

What **were** you **doing** at 9pm last night?
 I **was watching** TV.

Present perfect simple

I/ You	've (have)	worked in a factory
We/ They	haven't	
He/ She	's (has)	
It	hasn't	

Anwendung

Bericht über Ereignisse, die in der Vergangenheit passierten.
 I've **travelled** a lot in Africa.
 Ereignisse, die in der Vergangenheit begannen und bis jetzt andauern.
 I've **known** Alice for six years.
 How long **have** you **worked** as a teacher?

Present perfect continuous

Anwendung

Um zu sagen, wie lange eine Handlung bereits andauert.
 I've **been watching** TV since seven o'clock.